



Native American Tribes Friends of the Children Locations

The purpose of this document is to share resources related to the Native American Tribes / Indigenous People where Friends of the Children is operating. Please use these resources as you need to learn about specific tribes and how to best engage with Native American youth. ** This resource document will be continuously updated as more information is provided to ensure accuracy. If you would like to provide feedback and/or add resources to improve this document, please email:

tjohnson@friendsofthechildren.org **

General Resource Links

US Census: [My Tribal Area \(census.gov\)](https://www.census.gov/mytribalarea/)

Land recognition: [Native-Land.ca](https://www.native-land.ca/) | [Our home on native land](https://www.ourhomeonnative.com/)

US Dept. of Interior Indian Affairs: [Home](https://www.indianaffairs.gov/) | [Indian Affairs \(bia.gov\)](https://www.indianaffairs.gov/)

Indian Health Service: [Indian Health Service](https://www.ihs.gov/) | [Indian Health Service \(IHS\)](https://www.ihs.gov/)

Other historical sources

[Native American People \(First Nations and American Indian Cultures\) \(native-languages.org\)](https://www.native-languages.org/)

[Native American History and Genealogy | Access Genealogy](https://www.accessgenealogy.com/)

[Tribal Leaders Directory | Indian Affairs \(bia.gov\)](https://www.indianaffairs.gov/tribal-leaders-directory/)

[The Original ~ Indians.org](https://www.theoriginalindians.org/)

How to engage tribes:

[Ways to Become More Culturally Responsive in Engaging American Indian and Alaska Native Families \(educationnorthwest.org\)](https://www.educationnorthwest.org/)

[21 things you can do to be more respectful of Native American cultures – Nonprofit AF](https://www.nonprofitaf.org/)

Supporting Native Youth:

[Supporting and Inspiring Native Youth - MENTOR \(mentoring.org\)](#)

[American Indians in Children's Literature \(AICL\) \(americanindiansinchildrensliterature.blogspot.com\)](#)

2 Gen:

[Engaging American Indian Children and Families - Child Welfare Information Gateway](#)

[About ONAP | HUD.gov / U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development \(HUD\)](#)

[Indian Tribes and Resources for Native Americans | USAGov](#)

[A website for families and individuals in Washington state - Parenthelp123](#)

[Tribal Relations | DSHS \(wa.gov\)](#)

Antelope Valley

"The Antelope Valley has been inhabited for at least the past twelve to thirteen thousand years. From the Early Prehistoric period to the present time, the Antelope Valley has been home to many different groups of Native Americans."

Tribes:

[Kawaiisu](#)

[Kitanemuk](#)

[Serrano](#)

[Tataviam](#)

Sources:

[Antelope Valley Indian Peoples: Antelope Valley Indian Museum \(ca.gov\)](#)

[The Kawaiisu Culture \(ca.gov\)](#)

[Poppy Reserve \(oncell.com\)](#)

[Serrano Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](#)

[Fernandeño Tataviam Band of Mission Indians – Native Sovereign Nation \(tataviam-nsn.us\)](#)

Austin

“The Coahuiltecan people were the original habitants of the area now known as Austin and Central Texas. Later, the Tonkawa, Comanche, and Lipan Apache.”

Tribes: Caddo and the Tonkawa

[TSHA | Coahuiltecan Indians \(tshaonline.org\)](https://tshaonline.org)

[Caddo Nation \(mycaddonation.com\)](https://mycaddonation.com)

[The Tonkawa Tribe Official Website!](#)

[Home | Comanche Nation](#)

[The Lipan Apache Tribe: About Us, Who We Are](#)

Source:

[Indigenous Peoples in Austin | YouAreHereATX.org](#)

Boston

“Boston's history started thousands of years before any settlers arrived, with the Native Americans who lived off the land at least 12,000 years ago. These people all belonged to Algonquian tribes, meaning they spoke Algonquian languages, a set of the most prolifically used language groups of North American Native Americans. They often lived in wigwams or longhouses, and many tribes were fairly nomadic. A few of the more populous tribes of the Greater Boston Area were the Massachusett, the Pawtucket, and the Pokantoket.” - [Native American Names in the Greater Boston Area – Literature and Digital Diversity \(northeastern.edu\)](#)

Tribes: Mahicans, Massachusett, Nauset, Nipmuc, Pennacook, Pocomtuc, and Wampanoag

[Native American Tribes in Massachusetts \(historyofmassachusetts.org\)](https://historyofmassachusetts.org)

[Mohican Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](https://warpaths2peacepipes.com)

[Nauset Indians | Eastham MA \(eastham-ma.gov\)](https://eastham-ma.gov)

[Home - Tribal Government of the Nipmuc Nation](#)

[The Pennacook Tribe of New England – Legends of America](#)

Source:

[Native American Tribes in Massachusetts \(historyofmassachusetts.org\)](https://historyofmassachusetts.org)

Central Oregon

“Oregon’s total “American Indian” population, according to the 2010 U.S. Census, included 109,223 people as “American Indian or Alaskan Native.” Oregon’s “American Indians” live in all 36 counties and are about 3% of Oregon’s total population. In addition to members of the nine federally recognized tribes in Oregon, there are a significant number of enrolled members of many Tribes based outside of Oregon who also reside within our state.” - [State of Oregon: Blue Book - Introduction to Oregon's Indian Tribes](#)

Tribes: Paiute, Confederated Tribes of Coos (Hanis & Miluk), Lower Umpqua, and Siuslaw Indians, Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde, Confederated Tribes of Siletz, Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation is a union of three tribes: Cayuse, Umatilla, and Walla Walla, Tribes of Warm Springs, Wasco and Paiute Native American Tribes, Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Indians, Coquille Indian Tribe, and Klamath Tribe.

Burns Paiute Tribe: [BPT \(burnspaiute-nsn.gov\)](http://burnspaiute-nsn.gov)

[Confederated Tribes of Coos, Lower Umpqua and Siuslaw Indians – Federally Recognized Tribal Government based in Oregon \(ctclusi.org\)](#)

[Home | Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde](#)

[Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians | Siletz Tribe located in Oregon \(ctsi.nsn.us\)](http://ctsi.nsn.us)

Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation: [CTUIR - Home](#)

[Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs - Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs \(warmsprings-nsn.gov\)](http://warmsprings-nsn.gov)

[Coquille Indian Tribe \(coquilletribe.org\)](http://coquilletribe.org)

[Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians \(cowcreek-nsn.gov\)](http://cowcreek-nsn.gov)

[The Klamath Tribes – Klamath Modoc Yahooskin](#)

Sources:

[State of Oregon: Tribal Affairs - Overview of the Nine Tribes](#)

[State of Oregon: Blue Book - Indian Tribes](#)

[State of Oregon: Blue Book - Introduction to Oregon's Indian Tribes](#)

Charlotte

“North Carolina has the largest American Indian population east of the Mississippi River and the eighth-largest Indian population in the United States. As noted by the 2000 U.S. Census, 99,551 American Indians lived in North Carolina, making up 1.24 percent of the population. This total is for people identifying themselves as American Indian alone. The number is more than 130,000 when including American Indian in combination with other races. The State of North Carolina recognizes eight tribes.” - [American Indian Tribes in North Carolina | NCpedia](#)

Tribes: Cherokee, Coharie, Lumbee, Haliwa-Saponi, Sappony, Meherrin, Occaneechi, and Waccamaw-Siouan

[Eastern Band of Cherokee](#) (tribal reservation in the Mountains)

[Coharie](#) (Sampson and Harnett counties)

[Lumbee](#) (Robeson and surrounding counties)

[Haliwa-Saponi](#) (Halifax and Warren counties)

[Sappony](#) ([Person County](#))

[Meherrin](#) (Hertford and surrounding counties)

[Occaneechi Band of Saponi Nation](#) (Alamance and surrounding counties)

[Waccamaw-Siouan](#) (Columbus and Bladen counties)

Sources:

[American Indian Tribes in North Carolina | NCpedia](#)

[Catawba Indian Nation – Charlotte Museum](#)

[NC DOA: Commission of Indian Affairs](#)

Chicago

“Chicago is home to the largest population of Native Americans in the Midwest and the second largest population east of the Mississippi River, according to a report from the University of Illinois at Chicago. ... Long before European settlers came to the Chicago region, it was home to the Ojibwe, Odawa, Potawatomi, Miami, and other Native American tribes and nations.” - [An Exploration of Native American History in Chicago with Geoffrey Baer | WTTW Chicago](#)

Tribes: Potawatomi/Bodéwadmiakiwen, Odawa, Miami Nation, Ho-Chunk Nation, Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin, Sac and Fox Nation, and Kickapoo

[Indigenous Tribes of Chicago | About ALA](#)

[Citizen Potawatomi Nation - People of the Place of the Fire](#)

[Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians | Dedicated to perpetuating our culture and committed to the success of the next seven generations. \(ltbbodawa-nsn.gov\)](#)

[KIILONA MYAAMIAKI | Miami Tribe of Oklahoma | \(miamination.com\)](#)

[Ho-Chunk Nation | People of the Sacred Voice](#)

<https://menominee-nsn.gov>

[Sac and Fox Nation - Home \(sacandfoxnation-nsn.gov\)](http://sacandfoxnation-nsn.gov)

[Kansas Kickapoo Tribe \(ktik-nsn.gov\)](http://ktik-nsn.gov)

Sources:

[American Indian Center Chicago – American Indian Center Chicago \(aicchicago.org\)](http://aicchicago.org)

[An Exploration of Native American History in Chicago with Geoffrey Baer | WTTW Chicago](#)

Colorado Springs

“Long before the gold rush settlement of Colorado City, and before General Palmer arrived with his vision of a “Little London” for Colorado Springs, this area of Colorado was home to the Ute, Cheyenne, Arapaho and Apache peoples.” - [Local Native American History | cos-powwow \(coloradospringspowwow.org\)](#)

Tribes: Ute, Cheyenne, Arapaho and Apache

[Home \(utetribe.com\)](http://utetribe.com)

[Home - Cheyenne & Arapaho Tribes \(cheyenneandarapaho-nsn.gov\)](http://cheyenneandarapaho-nsn.gov)

<https://apachetribe.org>

Sources:

[Local Native American History | cos-powwow \(coloradospringspowwow.org\)](#)

Cornwall

Tribes:

[BBC - History - Ancient History in depth: Native Tribes of Britain](#)

Detroit

“Detroit occupies the contemporary and ancestral homelands of three Anishinaabe nations of the Council of Three Fires: the Ojibwe, Ottawa, and Potawatomi. Through the Treaty of Detroit, the Ojibwe, Ottawa, Potawatomi, and Wyandot tribes ceded the land now occupied by the city in 1807. Throughout Detroit’s history, members of these tribes have continued to contribute to the city’s development.” - [Native American History in Detroit \(U.S. National Park Service\) \(nps.gov\)](#)

Tribes: Ojibwe, Ottawa, Potawatomi, and Wyandot

[The Ojibwe People: History and Culture \(thoughtco.com\)](http://thoughtco.com)

[Home \(ottawatribe.org\)](http://ottawatribe.org)

[The Potawatomi Tribe – Legends of America](#)

[The Wyandots – Wyandotte Nation \(wyandotte-nation.org\)](http://wyandotte-nation.org)

Source:

[Native American History in Detroit \(U.S. National Park Service\) \(nps.gov\)](#)

Fargo-Moorhead

“There are five federally recognized Tribes and one Indian community located at least partially within the State of North Dakota. In total, there are 31,329 American Indians living in North Dakota, making up 4.9% of the total population. Almost sixty percent live on reservations and over forty percent of these American Indians are under the age of 20.” - [Tribal Nations | Indian Affairs Commission, North Dakota](#)

Tribes: Mandan, Hidatsa, & Arikara Nation (Three Affiliated Tribes), the Spirit Lake Nation, the Standing Rock Sioux Tribe, the Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians, the Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate Nation, and the Trenton Indian Service Area

[Sisseton Wahpeton Oyate \(swo-nsn.gov\)](#)

[Spirit Lake Nation](#)

[Homepage - Standing Rock](#)

[MHA Nation](#) (Mandan, Hidatsa, & Arikara)

[mytisa.org](#)

[Official Online Home of the Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians \(tmchippewa.com\)](#)

Source:

[Tribal Nations | Indian Affairs Commission, North Dakota](#)

Gresham, OR

“The Native American peoples of Oregon are the set of Indigenous peoples who have inhabited or who still inhabit the area delineated in today's state of Oregon in the Pacific Northwest region of the United States. While the state of Oregon currently maintains relations with nine federally recognized tribal groups, the state was previously home to a much larger number of autonomous tribal groups, which today either no longer exist or have been absorbed into these larger confederated entities. Six of the nine tribes gained federal recognition in the late 20th century, after undergoing the termination and restoration of their treaty rights starting in the 1950s.” - [Native American peoples of Oregon - Wikipedia](#)

Tribe: Clackamas Chinook

<http://www.usgennet.org/alhnorus/ahorclak/indians.html>

Sources:

[Oregon Native American/Indian tribes | Multnomah County Library \(multcolib.org\)](#)

[State of Oregon: Tribal Affairs - Overview of the Nine Tribes](#)

[List of Indian reservations in Oregon - Wikipedia](#)

[Home | Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde](#)

Harlem

“The Mohican tribe, aka the Mohegan, inhabited the northern end of the Hudson valley, in present-day New York, southern Vermont, western Massachusetts and the northwest of Connecticut. Once a strong powerful nation, they became embroiled in the French and Indian Wars (1688-1763). By 1782 only 138 Mohicans remained.” – [Mohicans - Wikipedia](#)

“The Lenape, also called the Leni Lenape, Lenni Lenape and Delaware people, are an indigenous people of the Northeastern Woodlands, who live in the United States and Canada. Their historical territory included present-day northeastern Delaware, New Jersey and eastern Pennsylvania along the Delaware River watershed, New York City, western Long Island, and the Lower Hudson Valley. Today, Lenape people belong to the Delaware Nation and Delaware Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma; the Stockbridge-Munsee Community in Wisconsin; and the Munsee-Delaware Nation, Moravian of the Thames First Nation, and Delaware of Six Nations in Ontario.” - [Lenape - Wikipedia](#)

Tribes: Manhattan and Lenape

[Lenape Tribe Facts - The History Junkie](#)

[Lenape Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](#)

[Mohican Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](#)

Sources:

[Native New York - Manhattan Development | Teacher Resource \(si.edu\)](#)

[NK360 - Early Encounters in Native New York - Additional Resources](#)

Klamath Basin

“The six bands of the Klamath were bound together by ties of loyalty and family. They lived along the Klamath Marsh, on the banks of Klamath Lake, near the mouth of the Lower Williamson River, Pelican Bay, beside the Link River, and in the uplands of the Sprague River Valley. The Modocs’ lands included the Link River, Lower Lost River, Clear Lake, the Lava Beds, and the territory that extended south as far as the mountains beyond Goose Lake and Mount Shasta. The Yahooskin-Paiute Bands occupied the area east of Yamsay Mountain, south of Lakeview, and north of Fort Rock. Today, we are one of nine sovereign tribal nations in the state of Oregon. The mission of the Klamath Tribes is to protect, preserve and enhance the spiritual, cultural, and physical values and resources of the Klamath, Modoc, and Yahooskin-Paiute peoples by maintaining the customs and heritage of our ancestors. We are taught, “naanok ?ans naat sat’waYa naat ciwapk diceew’a”: We help each other; We will live well.” - [History – The Klamath Tribes](#)

Tribes: the Klamath, Modoc, and Yahooskin-Paiute

[The Klamath Tribes: Klamath, Modoc & Yahooskin - Chiloquin](#)

[Home - Modoc Nation - Culture. Heritage. Family.](#)

[Paiute Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](#)

Source: [History – The Klamath Tribes](#)

Lane County, Oregon

“The Kalapuyans are a Native American ethnic group. Many of their contemporary descendants are members of the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon. The Kalapuyan traditional homelands were in the Willamette, Elk Creek, and Calapooya Creek watersheds of Western Oregon. They hunted and gathered as far east and west as the Cascades and Coast ranges and traded with the Chinookans to the north and Coos peoples on the coast. Their major tribes were the Tualatin, Yamhill, and Ahantchuyuk at the north, the Santiam, Luckamiute, Tekopa, Chenapinefu in the central valley and the Chemapho, Chelamela, Chafin, Peyu (Mohawk), and Winefelly in the southern Willamette Valley. “ - [Kalapuya: Native Americans of the Willamette Valley, Oregon - LCC Research Guides at Lane Community College \(lanecc.edu\)](#)

Tribes: Kalapuya people - Confederated Tribes of Coos, Lower Umpqua and Siuslaw Indians, the Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde Indians, the Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians, the Coquille Indian Tribe, and the Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Indians

Sources:

[Kalapuya: Native Americans of the Willamette Valley, Oregon - LCC Research Guides at Lane Community College \(lanecc.edu\)](#)

[State of Oregon: Tribal Affairs - Overview of the Nine Tribes](#)

[Native-Land.ca | Our home on native land](#)

Los Angeles

“Los Angeles County is home to three Native American Indian tribes that predate the establishment of California Missions: the Ventureño, Gabrieleño, and Fernandeño.” - [What Native American tribes lived in Los Angeles? – JanetPanic.com](#)

“The Chumash are a widespread group of California native people who lived along the southern California coast and the Santa Barbara Channel Islands.” - [Native Americans of the California Coast: The Chumash \(californiafrontier.net\)](#)

Tribes: Ventureño, Gabrieleño, and Fernandeño

Karok, Maidu, Cahuilleno, Mojave, Yokuts, Pomo

[Gabrielino-Tongva Indian Tribe – A California Indian Tribe know as San Gabriel Band of Mission Indians \(gabrielinotribe.org\)](#)

[Chumash, Barbareño/Ventureño Band of Mission Indians \(bvbmi.com\)](#)

[Fernandeño Tataviam Band of Mission Indians – Native Sovereign Nation \(tataviam-nsn.us\)](#)

[Native Americans of the California Coast: The Chumash \(californiafrontier.net\)](#)

[Original People of Los Angeles County, California \(laalmanac.com\)](http://laalmanac.com)

[Karuk Tribe](#)

[Maidu – A People – Haplogroup](#)

[Cahuilla People | Augustine Band of Cahuilla Indians \(augustinetribe-nsn.gov\)](http://augustinetribe-nsn.gov)

[Mojave Tribe: Culture - Mojave National Preserve \(U.S. National Park Service\) \(nps.gov\)](http://nps.gov)

[Tachi Yokut Tribe \(tachi-yokut-nsn.gov\)](http://tachi-yokut-nsn.gov)

[Pomo Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](http://warpaths2peacepipes.com)

[Home - Modoc Nation - Culture. Heritage. Family.](#)

Sources:

[Los Angeles City/County Native American Indian Commission \(lacounty.gov\)](http://lacounty.gov)

[Original People of Los Angeles County, California \(laalmanac.com\)](http://laalmanac.com)

[What Native American tribes lived in Los Angeles? – Colors-NewYork.com](http://Colors-NewYork.com)

Missoula

*“The first inhabitants of the Missoula, MT area were American Indians from the Salish **tribe**. They called the area “Nemissoolatakoo,” from which “Missoula” is derived. The word translates roughly to “river of ambush/surprise,” a reflection of the inter-tribal fighting common to the area.” - [Brief History of Missoula \(makeitmissoula.com\)](http://makeitmissoula.com)*

Tribes: Salish Pend d'Oreille and Kootenai

www.thesalishinstitute.org

www.kootenai.org

Sources:

[Confederated Salish & Kootenai Tribes \(mt.gov\)](http://mt.gov)

[CSKT, Salish, Kootenai, Pend d’Oreille Tribes, Flathead Indian Reservation | The Rez We Live On](#)

[Cultural History-Brief History of the People \(flatheadwatershed.org\)](http://flatheadwatershed.org)

Portland

“The Portland metro area rests on traditional village sites of the Multnomah, Kathlamet, Clackamas, Chinook, Tualatin Kalapuya, Molalla and many other tribes and bands. These groups created communities and summer encampments along the Columbia and Willamette rivers and harvested and used the plentiful natural resources of the area for thousands of years.” - [Native American Community | The Official Guide to Portland \(travelportland.com\)](http://travelportland.com)

Tribes: Multnomah, Kathlamet, Clackamas, Chinook, Tualatin Kalapuya and Molalla. It includes many other tribes and bands as well.

[Multnomah Language and the Multnomah Indian Tribe \(native-languages.org\)](http://native-languages.org)

[Kathlamet Tribe: Facts, Clothes, Food and History *** \(warpaths2peacepipes.com\)](http://warpaths2peacepipes.com)

[Upper Chinook Clackamas \(usgennet.org\)](http://usgennet.org)

[chinook Indian Nation | Chinook Tribe – Cathlamet | Clatsop | Lower Chinook | Wahkiakum | Willapa \(chinooknation.org\)](http://chinooknation.org)

[Tualatin Kalapuyas \(Atfalati\) - Indigenous History of Oregon - LibGuides at Pacific University](http://libguides.pacific.edu)

[Molalla Tribal History – QUARTUX \(ndnhistoryresearch.com\)](http://ndnhistoryresearch.com)

Sources:

[Native American Community | The Official Guide to Portland \(travelportland.com\)](http://travelportland.com)

[The Native American Community in Multnomah County: An Unsettling Profile \(portlandoregon.gov\)](http://portlandoregon.gov)

Salt Lake City

“Utah is home to approximately 60,000 Native Americans, representing more than 50 Tribal Nations, with eight being federally-recognized.”- [Native American History and Tribal Culture in Utah | Visit Utah](http://visitutah.com)

Tribes: Northwestern Band of Shoshone Nation, Confederated Tribes of Goshute, Skull Valley Band of Goshute, Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation, Ute Mountain Ute Tribe, San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe, Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah and Navajo Nation.

[Northwestern Band of the Shoshone Nation \(squarespace.com\)](http://squarespace.com)

[Goshute Indian Tribe – Confederated Tribes of the Goshute Reservation \(ctgr.us\)](http://ctgr.us)

[Skull Valley Band of Goshute | Utah Division of Indian Affairs](http://utah.gov)

[Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation | Utah Division of Indian Affairs index \(utemountainutetribe.com\)](http://utemountainutetribe.com)

[Home | San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe \(sanjuanpaiute-nsn.gov\)](http://sanjuanpaiute-nsn.gov)

[Home - The Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah Homepage \(utahpaiutes.org\)](http://utahpaiutes.org)

[Navajo Nation \(navajo-nsn.gov\)](http://navajo-nsn.gov)

Source:

[Native American History and Tribal Culture in Utah | Visit Utah](http://visitutah.com)

San Francisco

"The Ohlone are the predominant Indigenous group of the Bay Area, including the Chochenyo and the Karkin in East Bay, the Ramaytush in San Francisco, the Yokuts in South Bay and Central Valley, and the Muwekma tribe throughout the region. Other Indigenous groups include the Graton Rancheria community (Coast Miwok and Southern Pomo), Kashaya, Patwin, and Mishewal Wappo in the North Bay, and the Bay Miwok in the East Bay." - [Indigenous Populations in the Bay Area | Bay Area Equity Atlas](#)

Tribes: Ohlone, Chochenyo, Karkin, Ramaytush, Yokuts, Muwekma, Graton Rancheria, Kashaya, Patwin, Mishewal Wappo, and Bay Miwok.

Ohlone: [The Ohlone - Facts \(stanford.edu\)](#)

Choceno: [California Language Archive \(berkeley.edu\)](#)

Karkin: [Native-Land.ca | Our home on native land](#)

[The Association of Ramaytush Ohlone - Home](#)

[Yokuts Tribe Facts | The California Frontier Project](#)

[Muwekma Ohlone Tribe, Muwekma Ohlone Tribe San Jose, CA Home](#)

[Federated Indians Graton Rancheria | Coast Miwok and Southern Pomo](#)

[Native Americans: Kashaya History and Culture \(native-languages.org\)](#)

[Patwin Indians - Native-Americans.com](#)

[Wappo - Wikipedia](#)

[The Bay Miwok Language and Land – Museum of the San Ramon Valley \(museumsrv.org\)](#)

Sources:

[Indigenous Populations in the Bay Area | Bay Area Equity Atlas](#)

[Muwekma Ohlone Tribe, Muwekma Ohlone Tribe San Jose, CA Home](#)

Seattle

"There are 29 tribal nations in Washington. The ancestral homelands of those American Indian tribes that have inhabited this place for centuries are listed below. In addition, the ACRL recognizes the Duwamish, Wanapum, and Chinook; tribes working for recognition by the U.S. federal government and have a long history in present-day Washington." - [Indigenous Tribes of Seattle and Washington \(acrl.org\)](#)

Tribes: Chehalis, Colville, Cowlitz, Hoh, Jamestown S’Klallam, Kalispel, Lower Elwha Klallam, Lummi, Makah, Muckleshoot, Nisqually, Nooksack, Port Gamble S’Klallam, Puyallup, Quileute, Quinault, Samish, Sauk-Suiattle, Shoalwater Bay, Skokomish, Snoqualmie, Spokane, Squaxin Island, Stillaguamish, Suquamish, Swinomish, Tulalip, Upper Skagit, and Yakama.

- [The Chehalis Tribe](#)
- [Colville Tribes](#)

- [The Cowlitz Indian Tribe](#)
- [Hoh Tribe](#)
- [Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe](#)
- [Kalispel Tribe of Indians](#)
- [Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe](#)
- [Lummi Nation](#)
- [Makah Tribe](#)
- [Muckleshoot Indian Tribe](#)
- [Nisqually Indian Tribe](#)
- [Nooksack Indian Tribe](#)
- [Snoqualmie Indian Tribe](#)
- [Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe](#)
- [Puyallup Tribe](#)
- [Quileute Tribe](#)
- [Quinault Indian Nation](#)
- [Samish Indian Nation](#)
- [Sauk-Suiattle Indian Tribe](#)
- [Shoalwater Bay Tribe](#)
- [Skokomish Indian Tribe](#)
- [Spokane Tribe](#)
- [Squaxin Island Tribe](#)
- [Stillaguamish Tribe](#)
- [The Suquamish Tribe](#)
- [Swinomish Indian Tribal Community](#)
- [The Tulalip Tribes](#)
- [The Confederated Tribes of the Yakama Nation](#)
- [Chinook Indian Nation](#)
- [Wanapum Heritage Center](#)
- [Duwamish Tribe](#)
- [Real Rent Duwamish](#)

Sources:

[Indigenous Tribes of Seattle and Washington \(acrl.org\)](#)

[The Tribes of Washington - Washington Tribes](#)

South Bronx

[Native Americans in The Bronx \(slideshare.net\)](#)

Southwest Washington

"There are 29 federally-recognized Native American tribes located on reservations throughout Washington state." - [WATribes Brochure2019 SeperatePages Final \(washingtontribes.org\)](#)

Tribes: Chehalis, Cowlitz, Nisqually, Shoalwater Bay, and the Confederated Tribes of Yakama Nation

- [The Chehalis Tribe](#)
- [The Cowlitz Indian Tribe](#)
- [Nisqually Indian Tribe](#)
- [Shoalwater Bay Tribe](#)
- [The Confederated Tribes of the Yakama Nation](#)

Source:

Tribes of Washington: [The Tribes of Washington - Washington Tribes](#)

Tacoma

“Major groups or tribes of Native Americans in the Puget Sound region include the Suquamish, Duwamish, Nisqually, Snoqualmie, and Muckleshoot (Ilalkoamish, Stuckamish, and Skopamish). They evolved complex cultural, social, and economic structures, which the invasion of non-Native settlers in the mid-1800s almost erased, but which continue today as the tribes struggle for their survival, respect, and renewal.” – [Native Americans of Puget Sound -- A Brief History of the First People and Their Cultures - HistoryLink.org](#)

Tribes: Suquamish, Duwamish, Nisqually, Snoqualmie, and Muckleshoot (Ilalkoamish, Stuckamish, and Skopamish)

- [Puyallup Tribe of Indians](#)
- [Duwamish Tribe](#)
- [Suquamish Tribe](#)
- [Muckleshoot Tribe](#)
- [Nisqually Indian Tribe](#)
- [Quinault Indian Nation](#)
- [Tulalip Tribes](#)

Sources:

[Land Acknowledgement \(tacomahistory.org\)](#)

[Native Americans - Pacific Northwest History - Tacoma Community College Library at Tacoma Community College \(libguides.com\)](#)

[Puyallup Tribe - Home \(puyallup-tribe.com\)](#)

[untitled \(wa.gov\)](#)

[WAStateTribalMap.pdf](#)

Tampa Bay

“Tocobaga tribe, most likely inhabited the current city of Safety Harbor. Other Tribes include the Mocoso, who lived near the Alafia River; the Pohoy of northern Hillsborough Bay, near modern Tampa; and the Uzita, who occupied the southwestern shores near the Little Manatee River. Collectively, these became known as the Safety Harbor Culture.” - [Tribes of Florida - Native Americans: History and Culture of Florida Tribes - Guides at Orange County Library System \(ocls.info\)](#)

Tribes: Tocobaga, Mocoso, Pohoy and Uzita

[History of Tocobaga Indians \(bighistory.net\)](#)

[Safety Harbor culture - Wikipedia](#)

[Mocoso - Wikipedia](#)

[Pohoy - Wikipedia](#)

[Uzita \(Florida\) - Wikipedia](#)

Sources:

[Tribes of Florida - Native Americans: History and Culture of Florida Tribes - Guides at Orange County Library System \(ocls.info\)](#)

[The History of Native Americans in Tampa - Tampa Magazine \(tampamagazines.com\)](#)

Prospective Locations:

Juneau, Alaska

“There are three major Indian tribes in Alaska and a handful of smaller Indian tribes, which make up one of the three indigenous ethnic groups of Alaska. The other ethnic groups in Alaska are referred to as Eskimos (Inuit in Canada) and Metis. The Athabaskan Indians are the largest tribe in Alaska, with about 12,000 members. The Tlingit tribe on the south-central coast near Juneau and offshore islands have about 10,000 members. There are two Haida tribes, which collectively have about 3,000 members. The Haida south of Juneau on offshore islands near Ketchikan number about 1,000 and the Haida who live south of Ketchikan down the Canadian coast and on the Queen Charlotte Islands number another 2,000.” - <https://www.alaskan-natives.com/333/major-indian-tribes-alaska/>

Tribes: Eskimos and Metis. Athabascans, Tlingit and Haida, and Ketchikan

[Athabascans of Interior Alaska \(uaf.edu\)](#)

[Tlingit & Haida \(ccthita.org\)](#)

[History - The Haida People \(weebly.com\)](#)

[Ketchikan Indian Community | Ketchikan, Alaska \(kictribe.org\)](#)

Sources:

<https://www.alaskan-natives.com/333/major-indian-tribes-alaska/>

[Alaska Natives Peoples Native Indians Eskimos \(alaskatrekker.com\)](http://alaskanatives.com)

Rapid City, South Dakota

“South Dakota is the land of the Dakota, Lakota, and Nakota. Nine Native American tribes call South Dakota home, and each of them has a unique story to tell. Working together, they welcome visitors into their communities to educate and to share.” - [Native American Tribes in South Dakota | Travel South Dakota](#)

Tribes: Dakota, Lakota, Nakota, Cheyenne River, Crow Creek Sioux, Flandreau Santee Sioux, Lower Brule Sioux, Oglala Sioux, Rosebud Sioux, Sisseton Wahpeton Oyate, and Standing Rock

[Cheyenne River | Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe | United States](#)

[Crow Creek Sioux Tribe | South Dakota Department of Tribal Relations \(sd.gov\)](#)

[Flandreau Santee Sioux – Flandreau Santee Sioux \(fsst-nsn.gov\)](#)

[Lower Brule Sioux Tribe - Official Site of the Kul Wicasa Oyate](#)

[Oglala Sioux Tribe | South Dakota Department of Tribal Relations \(sd.gov\)](#)

[HOME | RosebudSiouxTribe \(rosebudsiouxtribe-nsn.gov\)](#)

[Sisseton Wahpeton Oyate \(swo-nsn.gov\)](#)

[Homepage - Standing Rock](#)

Sources:

[Native American Culture | VisitRapidCity.com](#)

[Nine Tribes | South Dakota Department of Tribal Relations \(sd.gov\)](#)

Spokane, Washington

“The Spokane Tribe of Indians’ reservation is 159,000 acres located in Eastern Washington. The tribe has approximately 2,800 members.” - [The Tribes of Washington - Washington Tribes](#)

Tribe: Spokane

[Spokane Indian Reservation - Native-Americans.com](#)

[Spokane Tribe – NPAIHB](#)

Source:

[The Tribes of Washington - Washington Tribes](#)

Billings, Montana

“Montana is home to 7 Indian reservations and the state-recognized Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians.” - [Native Americans - Government Information Research Guide - Research Guides at University of Montana-Missoula \(umt.edu\)](#)

Tribes: Blackfeet Nation, Chippewa Creek, Crow, Confederated Salish and Kootenai, Fort Belknap, Fort Peck, Little Shell Chippewa, and Cheyenne

[Blackfeet Nation](#)

[Chippewa Cree Tribe \(mt.gov\)](#)

[Home \(csktribes.org\)](#)

[Official Site of the Crow Tribe Executive Branch - Home \(crow-nsn.gov\)](#)

[Fort Belknap Indian Community \(ftbelknap.org\)](#)

[Fort Peck Assiniboine & Sioux Tribes \(fortpecktribes.org\)](#)

[Montana Little Shell Chippewa Tribe \(montanalittleshelltribe.org\)](#)

[Northern Cheyenne Tribe Homepage \(cheyennenation.com\)](#)

Source: [Tribal Nations \(mt.gov\)](#)